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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/673,667	01/05/2001	Yoshiaki Kumamoto	199314US3PCT	5630	
22850	7590 06/16/2003				
	OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C.			EXAMÍNER	
1940 DUKE S ALEXANDR	STREET IA, VA 22314	- -		BRUENJES, CHRISTOPHER P	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		•	1772	9 1	
		•	DATE MAILED: 06/16/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			77.7
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	. .
Advisory Action	09/673,667	KUMAMOTO ET AL.	
	Examin r	Art Unit	
	Christopher P Bruenjes	1772	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cov r sheet with the d	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 03 June 2003 FAILS TO PLACE TH Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to a final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may <u>only</u> be either: (1 condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appea Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	void abandonment of this appliced in the control of	cation. A proper report can place the application of the capplication of the capplicat	oly to a cation in
PERIOD FOR RE	PLY [check either a) or b)]		
a) The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date of			
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Adv event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later the ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS 706.07(f).	an SIX MONTHS from the mailing date o FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THI	f the final rejection. E FINAL REJECTION. S	See MPEP
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The dather are been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extens 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three most parent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	sion and the corresponding amount of the statutory period for reply originally set in	e fee. The appropriate ext the final Office action; or	ension fee under (2) as set forth in
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFI	•		
2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered be	ecause:		
(a) M they raise new issues that would require further	er consideration and/or search ((see NOTE below);	
(b) they raise the issue of new matter (see Note b	pelow);		
(c) they are not deemed to place the application i issues for appeal; and/or	n better form for appeal by mat	erially reducing or s	simplifying the
(d) they present additional claims without cancel	ing a corresponding number of	finally rejected clair	ns.
NOTE: see continuation page.			
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection	tion(s):		
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s). 	be allowable if submitted in a s	separate, timely filed	d amendment
5. ☐ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☐ request for application in condition for allowance because:	r reconsideration has been cons	sidered but does NC	OT place the
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered becaused by the Examiner in the final rejection.	cause it is not directed SOLELY	to issues which we	re newly
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment explanation of how the new or amended claims we			and an
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:			
Claim(s) allowed:	•		
Claim(s) objected to:			
Claim(s) rejected:			
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
8. The proposed drawing correction filed on is	a) approved or b) disapp	proved by the Exam	niner.
9.⊠ Note the attached Information Disclosure Stateme	nt(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	<u>18</u> .	
10.⊠ Other: <u>see continuation page</u>			
			
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ADVISORY ACTION

Acknowledgement of Applicant's Amendments

1. The amendments made in claims 1 and 17 given on pages 2-9 of Applicant's Amendment (Paper #20) have not been entered due to the fact that they raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search. The limitation added to claims 1 and 17, wherein the top edge roughness is defined, raises new issue because further consideration is required to determine if the references already cited include the roughness defined for the body portion also on the top edge, and if new search is required.

ANSWERS TO APPLICANT'S ARGUMENTS

- 2. Applicant's arguments regarding the new added limitation of the roughness values for the top edge are not considered because the amendment has not been added to the claims.
- 3. Applicant's arguments regarding the 35 U.S.C. 103 rejections of claims 1-3, 9, 13-19, 25-28, and 32 over Hicks in view of Stevens have been fully considered but are not persuasive.

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In response to applicant's argument that there is no basis in the teachings of Stevens or Hicks to combine, both Hicks and Stevens teach pulp-molded containers for storage of products. Stevens teaches that pulp-molded containers are optionally provided with thin sheet of plastic material on the inner or outer surface in order to make the container impervious to vapors and liquids. The examiner recognizes that references cannot be arbitrarily combined and that there must be some reason why one skilled in the art would be motivated to make the proposed combination of primary and secondary references. Nomiya, 184 USPQ 607 (CCPA 1975). However, there is no requirement that a motivation to make the modification be expressly articulated. The test for combining references is what the combination of disclosures taken as a whole would suggest to one of ordinary skill in the art. In re McLaughlin, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971), references are evaluated by what they suggest to one versed in the art, rather than by their specific disclosures. In re Bozek, 163 USPQ 545 (CCPA 1969). In this case, one of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that depending on the product used in the container of Hicks or Stevens that a plastic material would be added to the inner surface or outer surface of the article, in order to provide a barrier layer for the product contained, as taught by Stevens.

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4. Applicant's arguments regarding the 35 U.S.C. 103 rejections of claims 4 and 20 over Hicks alone or in combination with Stevens in view of Kelley et al have been fully considered but are not persuasive.

In response to Applicant's argument that there is no basis in the teachings of Stevens or Hicks to combine with Kelley, all three references teach pulp-molded containers for storage of products. Kelley teaches that pulp-molded containers are optionally provided with thread on an opening portion in order to provide a connection for a threaded cap to be removably secured thereto. The examiner recognizes that references cannot be arbitrarily combined and that there must be some reason why one skilled in the art would be motivated to make the proposed combination of primary and secondary references. In re Nomiya, 184 USPQ 607 (CCPA 1975). However, there is no requirement that a motivation to make the modification be expressly articulated. The test for combining references is what the combination of disclosures taken as a whole would suggest to one of ordinary skill in the art. In re McLaughlin, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971), references are evaluated by what they suggest to one versed in the art, rather than by their specific disclosures. In re Bozek, 163 USPQ 545 (CCPA 1969). In this case, one of ordinary

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skill in the art would have recognized that the references taken as whole teach that pulp-molded containers are known to have threads on the opening portion in order to provide a strong connection for a removable lid or cap, as taught by Kelley.

5. Applicant's arguments regarding the 35 U.S.C. 103 rejections of claims 5 and 21 over Hicks alone or in combination with Stevens in view of Utsul et al have been fully considered but are not persuasive.

In response to Applicant's argument that there is no basis in the teachings of Stevens or Hicks to combine with Utsul, all three references teach pulp-molded containers for storage of products. Utsul teaches that pulp-molded containers are made from pulp with a density that is at least 0.3g/cm³, in order to provide the container with excellent mechanical strength such as bending strength and stiffness, which one of ordinary skill in the art would recognize as beneficial properties for a container depending on the intended use of the container. The examiner recognizes that references cannot be arbitrarily combined and that there must be some reason why one skilled in the art would be motivated to make the proposed combination of primary and secondary references. In re Nomiya, 184 USPQ 607 (CCPA 1975). However, there is no requirement that a motivation to make the

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modification be expressly articulated. The test for combining references is what the combination of disclosures taken as a whole would suggest to one of ordinary skill in the art. In re McLaughlin, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971), references are evaluated by what they suggest to one versed in the art, rather than by their specific disclosures. In re Bozek, 163 USPQ 545 (CCPA 1969). In this case, one of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that the references taken as whole teach that pulp-molded containers are known to be formed with a density greater than 0.3 g/cm³ in order to provide the container with high bending strength and stiffness, which is beneficial depending on the intended use of the container, as taught by Utsul.

Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christopher P Bruenjes whose telephone number is 703-305-3440. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday from 8:00am-4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Harold Pyon can be reached on 703-308-4251. The fax phone numbers for the

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organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9310 for regular communications and 703-872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

Christopher P Bruenjes

Examiner

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СРВ

June 13, 2003

HARULD PYUN PERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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